

World-Wide Pressure Halted the Execution; Only Protest Can Save the Boys!

"Why Didn't the British Cabinet Await Verdict?"

Pravda Denounces MacDonald Demand for Special Privileges for Wreckers in USSR

By N. BUCHWALD.
(Special Correspondent.)

MOSCOW, April 9.—In reference to the bill prohibiting Soviet imports into England, Pravda, official organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, writes: "According to the statements of the British ministers the sole basis for the bill is that some employees of Metropolitan Vickers are brought up for trial in a Soviet court.

Why didn't the British government wish to await the verdict? They understood very well that the trial of a few British subjects is no excuse for extraordinary measures.

Tried Colonial Measures.
Pravda, quoting extracts from the correspondence of the British ambassador to the Soviet Union, Sir Esmont Ovey to the British foreign secretary, Sir John Simon, showed that Ovey tried to apply toward the U.S.S.R. the same demagogic measures which imperialist states use in dealing with colonial countries.

Sir John Simon, in the course of his speech, found it necessary to take under his defense the counter-revolutionary wreckers of agricultural enterprises recently sentenced by the state political department. He compared the arrested English engineers to these counter-revolutionaries.

English Bourgeoisie Scorned.
Continuing Pravda goes on to say that the accused Englishmen will hardly be pleased by Simon's comparison of their case with that of the saboteurs in the farming areas.

The Soviet government shall deal mercilessly with wreckers and does not intend to take into consideration whether or not the English bourgeoisie approves of the Soviet criminal code.

Recalls British Betrayal.
Pravda reminds the British bourgeoisie of the execution of 26 Bakov Bolsheviks in 1918 in utter disregard of all laws. "How dare these gentlemen," says Pravda, "make attacks against the judgment of these wreckers by a public trial. It appears to be a question of special privileges

SONDERDRUCK 5 PFENNIG Die Rote Fahne

illegale Charlottenburger Ausgabe, Auflage 760 Stück.
TROTZ ALLEDER!
Reichstagsbrand - Kommunistenverhaftungen - Presseverbote - Lügenherrschaften - Fälschungen - Arbeiterverhaftungen - Mord etc.
Das Frühjahr 1933 ähnelt den Januar-Tagen des Jahres 1919. Dann's wurde Spartacus gesät, gehetzt, zerstückt, erstickt und ermordet.

Photograph of illegally published Communist Party official organ in Germany. The name of the paper appears: "Die Rote Fahne" (The Red Flag). Translation of the rest is as follows: "Illegal Charlottenburg edition. DESPITE ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING."
"Reichstag Fire—Communist Arrests—Suppression of the Press—Lying Reports—Tortures—Murder."
"Spring 1933 resembles the January days of the year 1919. Then the Spartacus was hunted, persecuted, beaten and murdered."

"Rote Fahne" Printed Illegally Circulates 300,000 Copies

German Communist Party Official Paper, Ordered Suppressed by Hitler, Re-Appears With Ringing Call: "We Fight Until We Win"

BERLIN, March 30 (by mail).—Of the first number of the illegal Rote Fahne 300,000 copies have been sold in all Germany. The demand among the workers was so great that the street nuclei typed the contents of the Rote Fahne on small sheets of paper and circulated them. Although the price for one copy was 5 pfennigs, many workers gave 20 and even 50 pfennigs for it.

The first illegal edition (picture of top of first page is printed above—Editor Daily Worker) declared: "Spring 1933 resembles the January days of the year 1919. Then the Spartacus was hunted, persecuted, beaten and murdered. The commander of the White Guards was called Gustav Noske. The officers in his army were former Imperial officers, students, little sons of the bourgeoisie. The dead bodies lay around in the streets, and the blood smoked up to the skies. The massacre reached its climax with the murder of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg.

"Spring 1933. The German bourgeoisie, which saw with fear and trembling the growth of anti-Fascist strength, sent for a new butcher of the masses. This time his name is Hitler. His officers are the same ones as before. Again death is being cried against the representatives of Socialism. Again the gutter press is screaming for persecution of the workers' party of freedom. Our leaders are hunted and arrested. Our newspapers are forbidden.

"Our Party headquarters are locked up, or destroyed by vandals. Day after day workers are killed. The police reports say: 'Shot by persons unknown.' Out of the Brown Houses are heard the cries of pain of those who are tortured, and the death cries of the murdered.

But just as from the January struggles of 1919, the Communist Party was developed victorious, to become the hope of millions of workers, so

3,000 DENOUNCING FASCISM MARCH THRU PHILADELPHIA

Headed for German Consulate; Will Make May First a Day of Giant Protest Against Fascism, Hunger and Terror; Newark Prepares

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—Three thousand workers demonstrated in a united front against fascism in Rebyrnn Plaza today. The crowd marched through the central section of Philadelphia, but was prevented by mounted police from demonstrating in front of the German consulate.

May Day will be made the occasion for a giant workers' united front against fascism, speakers at the demonstration declared.

NEWARK, April 7.—A united front conference to mobilize the masses of Newark against fascism in Germany will be held on April 16th. The call was issued by a provisional committee including representatives from the Needle Workers (Industrial Union, the International Workers' Order and the I. L. D. The conference follows a number of mass demonstrations against fascism which have taken place in Newark.

The Newark May Day Conference, initiated by the Communist Party, has issued a call to the Socialist Party in Newark for a united May Day demonstration against fascism, forced labor, and wage cuts.

NAZIS TO FIRE ALL JEWS IN OFFICIAL POSTS

Fascists in Canada Brand Swastika on Money to Jews

BERLIN, April 8.—The civil service will be completely reorganized on the basis of refusal to admit any Jews to government posts, and the expulsion of all Jews from civil service positions who were appointed after 1914 and who did not fight in the World War. Anyone with a Jewish grandparent is to be considered a Jew. While the expelled Jews will be given pensions, civil service officials who are politically opposed to the "National State" must be dismissed without compensation.

MONTREAL, April 8.—Five dollar bills are being circulated in the Jewish and French quarters of the city marked with the swastika emblem, and bearing the inscription "Great Germany Awake."

BERLIN, April 8.—Wilhelm Juris, a clerk, was sentenced in Kassel yesterday to 15 months imprisonment on the charge that he wrote a letter to his mother in New York attacking the terror of the Hitler Government. The prosecutor stated that the contents of the letter would have been detrimental to German interests, had the letter been given to the American press.

Japan Demands From U.S.S.R. \$2,000,000

Regular Hold Up Game and Provocation to War; Seizes Road and Demands Money Too

Capitalist news services report that the Manchoukuo government has leveled a blackmailing demand on the Soviet Union for payment of four million gold rubles (about \$2,000,000). The excuse given is that rolling stock of the railroad is in the hands of the Soviet Government, on the U.S.S.R. side of the border.

HARBIN, Manchuria, April 8.—The Japanese are intensifying their campaign of provocation against the Soviet Union. The Chinese Eastern railway lines have been cut at Manchuria and will probably again be cut at Bogranichnaya, thus destroying all rail connections between Manchuria and the Soviet Union. The pretext for this Japanese act of aggression is that the Soviet Government has been guilty of a "theft" of rolling stock and of diverting the box cars of the Chinese Eastern into Siberia. At the same time the Japanese complain of "unauthorized" Soviet arms shipments to Vladivostok.

TIENTSIN, China, April 8.—At the same time that the Japanese claim that Chihwangto, important mining center, has been captured in the new Japanese advance, Chinese reports indicate that the Japanese are being driven back, and Halyang has again fallen into Chinese hands. Larger troop engagements are taking place as the Japanese attempt to fill the revolutionary discontent at home by spectacular military successes on the Chinese mainland.

TOKYO, April 7.—The direct intervention of both Premier Saito and the Emperor managed to delay the resignation of the Japanese Minister of Justice who is under fire because his ruthless measures of suppression have been unable to check the growth of Communism. Internal dissensions are leading to the fall of the cabinet.

POWERS INVITED TO WASHINGTON TO FORWARD U.S. IMPERIALIST POLICY

Roosevelt Tries to Take Lead in World Reaction and War Against U.S.S.R.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Invitations from the Roosevelt administration through Secretary of State Hull have been sent to eleven nations inviting representatives to come to Washington for discussions preliminary to the convening of the arms and world economic conferences.

It is considered significant that the government he headed was defeated last winter when he insisted that France do not default on its December 15th debt installment to the United States.

Will Outrage MacDonald
Herriot is to leave on April 19th and expects to arrive for a conference in Washington before the arrival of J. Ramsay MacDonald, British prime minister. Herriot is not in favor of the proposed four-power pact agreed upon by Mussolini and MacDonald and insists that European frontiers cannot be changed by such a combination except through the machinery of the League of Nations. France hopes that it can mobilize its puppet states in the League assembly to defeat such proposals.

It is also anticipated that Herriot will ask Roosevelt some embarrassing questions about the discussion between Norman H. Davis and Hitler over the Polish corridor, which is regarded as a plot both against Poland and France, whose imperialist ruling class has maintained a Pruski government in power for years.

NEWS OF U.S.S.R.

By A. G. BOSSE
AUTOMOBILE PRODUCTION
The Soviet Union plans to turn out 115,000 automobiles this year. Annual production will be stepped up until in 1937, the last year of the Second Five-Year Plan period, it is expected to reach 480,000. That year all cars in the country will have an aggregate horsepower equal to 100 Dnieper power plants. The bulk of them will be trucks.

The socially productive character of the automobile in the U.S.S.R., which is apparent in every phase of activity, is evidenced by the proportion of trucks to passenger cars. Of the 45,000 autos in the country at the beginning of this year, three of every eight were trucks, a higher percentage than anywhere else. In the U.S. one of every eight autos is a truck. The total freight turnover for 1937 is planned at 80,000,000,000 metric tons (one metric ton equals 2,205 lbs.) of which autos are to transport 72 per cent. The Soviet auto industry is only three years old, and during that period production has tripled.

New Types of Cars
An example of the progress of Soviet technique in a new industry is the designing of four new types of autos by the Scientific Auto-Tractor Institute at Lihobory, a suburb of Moscow. Two are passenger cars, with air-cooled motors, one a one-half ton truck, and the fourth a three-axle light truck.

The first three are lighter than the Ford and will cost less in mass production. They will require less than half the amount of gas and rubber than the Ford, will not need heated garages, and will be especially adapted to Soviet conditions. The three-axle truck has been accepted for mass production by the Gorky (formerly Nizhni Novgorod) plant. Its tonnage and mobility are greater than those of the Ford truck, and it is assembled from the same parts as the Gorky truck.

These experimental cars have shown up well on rough roads. A passenger car with rear caterpillar tread, called in Russian a "vezdekhod" (go anywhere), travels over steep snow, sand, marshes and steep hills. One crossed the Kara Kum desert in Soviet Central Asia, and made a better showing than the French Citroens built for an African expedition.

Modernized Alphabets
In the past five years some 68 languages spoken by national minorities have been latinized, it was announced at the recent plenary session of the Scientific Council of the All-Union Committee for a New Alphabet. A unified system of shorthand is now being worked out which will be applicable to all languages using the new alphabet.

Urbanization
The urban population has increased one-third in the last half dozen years and now totals 35,000,000. This is 22 per cent of the total population, before the war persons living in cities made up only one-seventh of the total. There were only 24 cities with over 100,000 population; now there are 50. Moscow had 1,600,000 in 1912, as against 3,200,000 at the end of last year. Over 100 new socialist cities have been built in recent years, such as Magnitogorsk, with over 250,000. Stalinsk, with 200,000.

Letters from Germany Tell of the Savage Repression by the Nazis

These letters were not written by workers, but by persecuted Jews, one of whom is even opposed to the Communists, but they reveal the savage repression by the Nazis.

For obvious reasons "The Daily Worker" is withholding the identity of the writers.

March 20.

Nobody can imagine what Germany looks like today. There is complete suppression of the newspapers. One periodical, for instance, asked certain questions concerning the Reichstag fire. It was suppressed for six months. Even weeklies selling for 60 pfennigs and more, which is very expensive for Germany, are suppressed if they criticize.

Goering's March 10 speech, broadcast over the government radio, was so violent that Hitler had to follow him in an hour with a very mild address; and the press reports of Goering's talk were censored. It has already been decided that no Jew will be allowed to have a government job or to enter the army. Jews will be excluded from certain professions. All the big Jews who were the heads of political, commercial, scientific and other organizations are now standing by and dare not open their mouths.

I do not think it was very smart of the Nazis to expropriate the Communists and use the offices and buildings of the Communist Party for their own work. This must excite the Communists quite unnecessarily. You know that I am not sympathizing at all with the Communists, but they have never been worse than the Nazis, and it is surprising enough that the material which the Nazis pretend to have found in the Karl Liebknecht House is today, after 20 days have passed, as yet unpublished. They promised to show us the "terrible things" that the Communists planned, but the material is hidden by the Nazis. Go know why.

Nazis who have murdered Communists or Socialists are acquitted, those in prison have been freed, many of them given high government jobs. The speeches of Hitler, Goering, Goebbels, etc., are broadcast all day. Besides this, there are war scenes broadcast with the best possible imitation of machine guns and heavy artillery, etc. Instead of real music, only military marches.

Tomorrow the opening of the Reichstag will take place in Potsdam, what they call the "sacred soil of Germany." I've taken and the safety measures they are taking; you would see how uneasy the National Socialists must feel. No one is allowed to throw flowers; the people of Potsdam are even forbidden to open their windows; no packages or suitcases may be taken into Potsdam tomorrow. Old cellars and vaults which are no longer in use have been walled up; airplanes are not allowed to fly over the city, etc.

If Hitler does not keep all his promises, the biggest part of the mob will wake up some day and will turn against him.

Cordially yours,
Hamburg, March 21, 1933.
Dear Julius —
Sending this letter to you and to

HERRIOT TO ACT AT U.S. PARLEY

Will State French Terms to Roosevelt

PARIS, April 9.—Edouard Herriot is to go to Washington to confer, as the representative of the French government, with Roosevelt in the series of conferences being held prior to the convening of the arms and world economic conferences.

It is considered significant that the government he headed was defeated last winter when he insisted that France do not default on its December 15th debt installment to the United States.

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SWEDISH SEAMEN STRIKE IN MANY PORTS, DEFYING UNION OFFICIALS

International of Seamen and Harbor Workers Rallies Support in Other Countries

NEW YORK.—Special information received by the Marine Workers Industrial Union indicates that the strike of the Swedish Seamen is of a militant character and spreading.

The strike was called March 7th against a wage cut of 7 to 11 percent. The officials of the reformist union did everything possible to prevent it.

The crew of the S. S. Begonia refused to continue work when ordered to do so by the officials in Copenhagen. Picket lines, mobilized by the International of Seamen and Harbor Workers; the militant union center, prevented access from being brought aboard and the ship was then towed to Helsinki where the entire striking crew were arrested.

In response the I. S. H. call for international action two Swedish ships came out on strike in Hamburg. The entire crew was arrested and removed by the Nazis. Then uniformed Nazis, members of the "Marine Storm Troop" were brought aboard, replaced the striking crew and took the ship out, sooting the role of international strike breakers.

The reports indicate that the strikers are following the line of the I. S. H. which was laid down at a United Front Conference of all Scandinavian Marine workers in January calling for mass picket lines, active use of action committees on all ships, and full control by the rank and file.