

# Baldwin V. Buckley: The Debate of the American Dream

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Individual Website

Student-Composed Words: 1191

Multimedia Time: 2:18 minutes

Process Paper Words: 492

## Works Cited

### Primary Sources

AEON. "William F. Buckley V James Baldwin." Video. *AEON*, AEON, 18 Feb. 1965, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This video depicted the Baldwin V. Buckley debate, showing the two contrasting sides of a fervent civil rights activist and a proud conservative leader, respectively.

Associated Press. "William F. Buckley Jr." Photograph. *Associated Press*, Associated Press, [www.salon.com/2015/06/07/william\\_f\\_buckley\\_and\\_national\\_reviews\\_vile\\_race\\_stance\\_everything\\_you\\_need\\_to\\_know\\_about\\_conservatives\\_and\\_civil\\_rights/](http://www.salon.com/2015/06/07/william_f_buckley_and_national_reviews_vile_race_stance_everything_you_need_to_know_about_conservatives_and_civil_rights/). Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This image depicted William F. Buckley Jr. during his peak as a conservative leader.

---. "Liz Cheney speaks with reporters following a GOP strategy session on Capitol Hill in Washington." Photograph. *Associated Press*, Associated Press, 20 Apr. 2021, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts Liz Cheney, one of the few conservatives who was brave enough to stand against the standard, only to be expelled from the conservative party.

Baldwin, James. *Ebony*. *Ebony*, 1965. This edition of *Ebony* magazine provided "The White Man's Guilt" as a written work of Baldwin's in order to understand his beliefs of white people.

Baldwin, James. *Giovanni's Room*. 1956. This book from James Baldwin was particularly important in order to understand his beliefs on how poorly homosexual people were treated in the United States and how poorly Black people were treated in the U.S. The book explores a Black homosexual, similar to Baldwin, falling in love with an Italian bartender.

---. *Go Tell It on the Mountain*. Vintage, 1953. This book helped me understand James Baldwin's early life through another young Black individual known as John Grimes, an intellectual with a strong relationship to the church and his family.

---. *Notes of a Native Son*. 1988. This book helped me understand the deep wound of racism and discrimination that was heavily prevalent in the United States at the time and how drastically it affected James Baldwin's life and mental health.

Barboza, Anthony. "James Baldwin." Photograph. *Getty Images*, Getty Images, 1965, [www.gettyimages.com/photos/james-baldwin](http://www.gettyimages.com/photos/james-baldwin). Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This was a photograph of James Baldwin during 1965, the year in which the debate between him and Buckley took place.

Brittany House Pictures. "James Baldwin." Photograph. *Brittany House Pictures*, Brittany House Pictures, 1964, [www.theguardian.com/books/2017/nov/22/james-baldwin-interview-1962](http://www.theguardian.com/books/2017/nov/22/james-baldwin-interview-1962).

Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This was another photo of James Baldwin just a year prior to the debate.

Buckley, William F. *Why the South Must Prevail*. 1957. This article shows Buckley's extreme views at the beginning, believing in the superiority of the white race against African-Americans.

Cambridge University. *Cambridge Union Results From Baldwin V. Buckley*.

Photograph. 1965. *Cambridge University*, Accessed 21 Mar. 2022. This photo showed the results of the Baldwin V. Buckley debate, where Baldwin won by 380 votes.

Chicago Defender. "Nation Shocked By Emmett Till Murder." Photograph. *Chicago Defender*, Chicago Defender, 1955,

[www.emmettillproject.com/chicagodefender](http://www.emmettillproject.com/chicagodefender). Accessed 17 May 2022. This photo shows another news article that shows how shocked the entire nation was when Emmett Till was murdered, sparking the civil rights movement.

Clarke, Ken. "Cambridge Union." Photograph. *Cambridge Union*, Cambridge Union, 1963, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This was a photo of the Cambridge Union, a student debating society under Cambridge University. This photo depicted Peter Fullerton, fifth from the left on the top row.

Daily News. "Two Mississippians Acquitted In Emmett Till Murder." Photograph.

*Daily News*, Daily News, 24 Sept. 1955,

[www.nydailynews.com/news/crime/acquitted-emmett-kidnaping-murder-1955-article-1.2340754](http://www.nydailynews.com/news/crime/acquitted-emmett-kidnaping-murder-1955-article-1.2340754). Accessed 17 May 2022. This photograph shows a photo of the front page of a newspaper showing that the two murderers of Emmett Till have been acquitted.

Fey, Frank A. "John McCain." Photograph. *U.S. Senate*, U.S. Senate, 2009,

[en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John\\_McCain](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John_McCain). Accessed 16 May 2022. This photo shows John McCain, one of the people who represented Buckley's vision for the future of conservatism.

Getty Images. "Buckley and National Review." Photograph. *Getty Images*, Getty

Images, 13 May 1958, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts Buckley holding a National Review newspaper article, the newspaper he founded.

Getty Images. "James Baldwin." Black Body: Rereading James Baldwin's "Stranger

In The Village" , *The New Yorker*, 19 Aug. 2014,

<https://www.newyorker.com/books/page-turner/black-body-re-reading-james-baldwins-stranger-village>. Accessed 20 Feb. 2022. This photo showed James Baldwin during his old age in the mid-1970s.

--- *James Baldwin Giving Speech During March*. Photograph. 1965. *Getty Images*,

[www.npr.org/2021/04/27/991219491/james-baldwins-shadow](http://www.npr.org/2021/04/27/991219491/james-baldwins-shadow). Accessed 21

Mar. 2022. This photo showed Baldwin's civil rights activism in the United States after the debate with Buckley. His role as a leader of protests was a form of his diplomacy.

---. *James L. Buckley, Ronald Reagan, Barry Goldwater, and William F. Buckley Jr.*

Photograph. 1975. *Getty Images*,

[www.nationalreview.com/magazine/2020/12/17/a-uniquely-american-conservatism/](http://www.nationalreview.com/magazine/2020/12/17/a-uniquely-american-conservatism/). Accessed 21 Mar. 2022. This photo shows William F. Buckley with two of the most influential people who he inspired, Ronald Reagan and Barry Goldwater.

---. "James Baldwin in his New York apartment." Photograph. *Getty Images*, Getty Images, 1963,

[www.nytimes.com/2017/12/25/books/review/james-baldwin-fire-next-time.html](http://www.nytimes.com/2017/12/25/books/review/james-baldwin-fire-next-time.html). Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts James Baldwin in his New York apartment writing a book on the floor, showing his great love and passion for the literary arts.

---. "Martin Luther King Jr. Addresses Crowd." Photograph. *Getty Images*, Getty

Images, 28 Aug. 1963, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This is the famous photo of Martin Luther King Jr. giving his "I have a dream..." speech in front of thousands of people, of which one was James Baldwin.

---. "Protestors Marching For Woolworth's Boycott." Photograph. *Getty Images*, Getty Images, 1960, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts a march, protesting against the Woolworth's company in response to the first sit-in, in which 4 Black students were not served at a Woolworth's lunch counter.

---. "William F. Buckley Jr." Photograph. *Getty Images*, Getty Images, 1955, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts William F. Buckley in 1955 during his rise as a conservative figurehead.

Hernández, Gerrie. "Stacey Abrams." Photograph. *American Libraries*, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts Stacey Abrams, a key modern civil rights activist that led the way for African-American voter turnout in Georgia.

Jackson, David. "Mamie Till Grieves Over Son's Murder." Photograph. Associated Press, Associated Press, 1955, [time.com/4399793/emmett-till-civil-rights-photography/](https://time.com/4399793/emmett-till-civil-rights-photography/). Accessed 17 May 2022. This photograph shows Mamie Till, the mother of Emmett Till, grieving over her son's brutalized body at his funeral.

LIFE Magazine. "William F. Buckley Jr." What Would William F. Buckley Jr. Had Made Of Donald Trump?, LIFE Magazine, 5 Dec. 2016, <https://www.vanityfair.com/news/2016/12/what-would-william-f-buckley-have-made-of-donald-trump>. Accessed 20 Feb. 2022. This photo shows William F. Buckley Jr. in 1966 after the debate.

Lynn, Scott O. "James Baldwin, Evan and Orilla Winfield with James Baldwin." Photograph. *Paris Review*, Paris Review, Nov. 1976, [www.theparisreview.org/blog/2019/02/15/james-baldwin-restored/](http://www.theparisreview.org/blog/2019/02/15/james-baldwin-restored/). Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo depicts James Baldwin with Orilla Winfield, a mentor of James Baldwin during his young age.

Milbrook School. "William F. Buckley in 1943." Photograph. *Milbrook School*, Milbrook School, 1943, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo shows William F. Buckley during his young age.

National Archives. "Eisenhower Signs The Civil Rights Act of 1957." Photograph. *National Archives*, National Archives, 9 Sept. 1957, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo shows President Eisenhower signing the Civil Rights Act of 1957 as a result of the combined civil rights protest efforts to push for government legislation.

National Review. "William F. Buckley Jr. Preparing to Speak." Photograph. *National Review*, National Review, 1969, [www.theparisreview.org/interviews/1395/the-art-of-fiction-no-146-william-f-buckley-jr](http://www.theparisreview.org/interviews/1395/the-art-of-fiction-no-146-william-f-buckley-jr). Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo shows William F. Buckley Jr. after the debate when he started to change his beliefs on civil rights and African-American equality.



The New York Times. "William F. Buckley in his Manhattan office." Photograph. *The New York Times*, The New York Times, 1965, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo is of William F. Buckley in his Manhattan office with various newspaper articles of National Review.

Yale University. "William F. Buckley Jr. and His Book "God and Man at Yale"." Photograph. *Yale University*, Yale University, 1951, Accessed 10 Feb. 2022. This photo shows William F. Buckley Jr. with one of his most famous and first books, "God and Man at Yale," a book that described his undergraduate experiences at Yale University.

## Secondary Sources

Smithsonian. (2021, December 21). *An introduction to James Baldwin*. An Introduction to James Baldwin. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://nmaahc.si.edu/explore/stories/introduction-james-baldwin> This source showed me a general overview of James Baldwin's life, from his involvement in the civil rights movement to gain equal rights for African Americans in the US, to his literary works dealing with homosexual people.

Advani, R. (2010, August 19). *American lives: James Baldwin, 'lifting the veil'*. NPR. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=129281259> This source described the struggles Baldwin faced as an openly gay and Black man, but with thoughts from his perspective.

Baldwin, J. (1963). *The Fire Next Time*. Dial Press. This book provided a detailed analysis of Baldwin's entire life, his struggles, major events that caused him to make drastic decisions, and incidents such as the assassinations of Malcolm X and Martin Luther King Jr that made him deeply saddened and made him enter an elongated period of depression.

Brennan Center. "Restrictive Voting Bills In States." Map. *Brennan Center*, Brennan Center, 2021, [fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-states-where-efforts-to-restrict-voting-are-escalating/](https://www.brennancenter.org/our-work/issue-alerts/restrictive-voting-bills-in-states). Accessed 1 Apr. 2022. This source showed me how currently, there is still widespread bills enacting in order to suppress the right to vote.

Bogus, C. T. (2011). *William F. Buckley Jr. and the rise of American conservatism*.

Bloomsbury Press. This source focuses on Buckley's peak of his conservative revival, focusing on his successes to change the overall political perspective of the United States, making way for future political conservatives such as Ronald Reagan.

Buckley, C., Frank, T. A., Levin, B., & Cohan, W. D. (2016, December 5). *What would*

*William F. Buckley have made of Donald Trump?* Vanity Fair. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.vanityfair.com/news/2016/12/what-would-william-f-buckley-have-made-of-donald-trump> This source shows how although Buckley was a radical conservative at the time, he would not have gone the directions and extents the 45th President took.

Campbell, J. (2021, January 29). *Opinion | James Baldwin's 'cultural appropriation'-and*

*mine*. The Wall Street Journal. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.wsj.com/articles/james-baldwins-cultural-appropriationand-mine-11611946697> This source detailed Baldwin's difficult life as a homosexual and Black person in the United States, being treated unfairly not only due to race but also because of his sexual identity. One of the main reasons he fled to France was to escape this treacherous environment.

Collins, B. (2002, June). *William F. Buckley, Jr. interview*. William F. Buckley, Jr.

Interview. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.c-span.org/video/?170896-3%2Fwilliam-f-buckley-jr-interview> This interview gave insights into Buckley's thoughts on the tumultuous journey of conservatism in the United States and his beliefs on the current state of it compared to his own conservative beliefs.

Elgrably, J. (2021, November 5). *The Art of Fiction No. 78*. The Paris Review. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.theparisreview.org/interviews/2994/the-art-of-fiction-no-78-james-baldw> in This interview provided James Baldwin's thoughts on his overall life, decisions he made, and his thoughts on his books' messages and themes to the world.

Ferris State University. (n.d.). Civil Rights Era. Ferris State University. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.ferris.edu/HTMLS/news/jimcrow/timeline/civilrights.htm> This source gave more in-depth descriptions of events and incidents during the civil rights movement, particularly events close to 1965, the year in which the debate between Baldwin and Buckley occurred.

History.com Editors. (2009, October 27). Civil Rights Movement. History.com. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.history.com/topics/black-history/civil-rights-movement> This gave me a general overview of the entire civil rights movement as a whole, during which the debate between Buckley and Baldwin occurred.

Glaude, Eddie S., et al. "The History That James Baldwin Wanted America to See." *The New Yorker*, The New Yorker, 19 June 2020, <https://www.newyorker.com/books/page-turner/the-history-that-james-baldwin-wanted-america-to-see>. This source gave me a good idea of the views of James Baldwin and the vision he had for the future of America. The article details how it has been somewhat fulfilled, while still lacking some key characteristics of Baldwin's vision.

Green, E. (2016, October 21). *Why the Republican Party needs a new William F. Buckley*.

The Atlantic. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.theatlantic.com/politics/archive/2016/10/debate-william-f-buckley/50462>

0/ This source gave an explanation to how although Buckley's ideas were once radical, they are now needed in modern conservatism and politics as a whole, a necessary individual that bases their ideas off intellect and judgement.

The Guardian. (2001, September 14). *The Henry James of Harlem: James Baldwin's struggles*. The Guardian. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.theguardian.com/books/2001/sep/14/jamesbaldwin> This source focused on the struggles and difficulties that Baldwin faced which ultimately led Baldwin to leave the United States for an extended period of time.

Hodgson, G. (2008, February 28). *Obituary: William F Buckley Jr.* The Guardian.

Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.theguardian.com/world/2008/feb/28/usa.television> This source gives a brief summary of the life of Buckley, including his early life, and his rise to conservative prominence, sparking the conservative revival in the United States.

Jr., E. S. G. (2020, June 25). *How James Baldwin told the truth about racism in America*.

Time. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://time.com/5859214/james-baldwin-racism/> This source described how the messages written in Baldwin's books connect to ongoing racism and prejudice in society today.

Martin, D. (2008, February 27). *William F. Buckley Jr. is dead at 82*. The New York Times.

Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

- <https://www.nytimes.com/2008/02/27/business/media/27cnd-buckley.html> This source gave an in-depth explanation of Buckley's entire life, his luxurious early life, and his rise to become one of the most prominent conservative forces in history.
- NBC News. (2017, February 7). *James Baldwin's sexuality: Complex and influential*. NBCNews.com. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.nbcnews.com/feature/nbc-out/james-baldwin-s-sexuality-complicated-influential-n717706> This article described how Baldwin's sexual identity impacted the themes in his literary works, such as "Giovanni's Room," focusing on a white expatriate falling in love with Giovanni, an Italian bartender.
- PBS. (2020, August 4). *James Baldwin Biography and quotes ~ James Baldwin Biography*. PBS. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.pbs.org/wnet/americanmasters/james-baldwin-about-the-author/59/> This source focuses on the literary portion of Baldwin's life, when he fled to Istanbul after spending time in Paris, and wrote and finished many books such as "Notes of A Native Son" and "Giovanni's Room".
- Simon, C. (2020, July 7). *James Baldwin as seen against the backdrop of racial upheaval*. Harvard Gazette. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://news.harvard.edu/gazette/story/2020/07/james-baldwin-as-seen-against-the-backdrop-of-racial-upheaval/> This source highlighted James Baldwin's important, yet distant role in the civil rights movement as a Black man writing books confronting racism and discrimination overseas.
- Staff, N. P. R. (2011, December 17). *William F. Buckley, father of American conservatism*. NPR. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from

<https://www.npr.org/2011/12/17/143665421/how-william-f-buckley-fathered-american-conservatism> This source highlighted Buckley's conservative beliefs, how they began from his father, how he developed and spread these then-radical ideas through high school and Yale University, and ultimately sparked the fuse of the conservative movement in the United States.

TVO. (1976, September 1). *Interview: William F. Buckley Jr.*. TVO.org. Retrieved January 30, 2022, from <https://www.tv.org/video/archive/interview-william-f-buckley-jr> This interview gave insights into Buckley's political beliefs from his own point of view.