

Works Cited

Primary Sources

CBS News. "Apollo 11 Splashdown Live Stream: Watch 'Live' Coverage of the Apollo 11 Splashdown on This Date 50 Years Ago." *CBS News*, CBS News, 24 July 2019, www.cbsnews.com/news/apollo-11-splashdown-watch-live-stream-50-years-ago-today-2019-07-24/. Accessed 17 Dec. 2019.

This source includes a wide variety of pictures and videos of the Apollo 11 landing back on Earth. It depicts the same live footage taken by CBS News on that day and images of the Apollo crew after they landed. It also includes videos of President Nixon greeting them on the boat and making a public declaration with them in quarantine after. This source brings the events that happened after the landing to my project.

Freshspot Marketing LLC, and David Meerman Scott. "Apollo Press Kits." *Apollopresskits.Com*, 2016, www.apollopresskits.com.

This source includes valuable additional information not found in NASA issued news releases. Reporters and editors from media outlets including television and newspapers had access to such documents from dozens of manufacturers while working on stories about the first lunar landing, all their findings are located within the press kits found in this website. Those exclusive findings bring unknown facts that weren't told before to my project.

Kennedy, John F. *"We Choose To Go To The Moon" Speech*. Address at Rice University on the Nation's Space Effort. Document.

This source includes the complete speech delivered by President John F. Kennedy at Rice Stadium in Houston, Texas, on September 12, 1962. The speech primarily talks about setting the national goal of reaching the moon before the decade in the space race and President John F. Kennedy's efforts to accomplish it in time before the Soviet Union did.

This source helps this project identify the reason the United States even went to the moon.

Khrushchev, Sergei. "The Moon Landing through Soviet Eyes: A Q&A with Sergei Khrushchev, Son of Former Premier Nikita Khrushchev." *Scientific American*, 16 July 2009, www.scientificamerican.com/article/apollo-moon-khrushchev/.

This source includes a special interview with Sergei Khrushchev, son of Nikita Khrushchev, who lived in Russia and experienced the Cold War and Space Race through his own eyes and shared opinion. This interview helps give my project a view of the Russian perspective in the Space Race, it gives my project the sense of what the Soviets experienced, knew, saw and heard. Not only this, but it gives my project a view of the Soviet government, since Sergei Khrushchev's father was part of the Soviet government. Which gave us a view of what the Soviet government did to conceal the United States' success.

Loff, Sarah, and NASA. "Apollo 11 Mission Overview." *NASA*, NASA, 2000,

www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/apollo/missions/apollo11.html. Accessed 13 Dec. 2019.

This NASA website includes a complete summary and all the happenings of the Apollo mission through the eyes of NASA itself which gives us an idea of what exactly happened and the exact times that certain events happened during the Apollo 11 mission. It also includes the government stated mission objective and mission highlights to help strengthen the happenings and explain the accurate events.

Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center. "Apollo 11 Preliminary Science Report NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION." NASA, 31 Oct. 1969.

This NASA source includes more than 200 pages with graphs and scientific reports about all Apollo missions, but specifically the Apollo 11 mission. It shows moon drawing and mission plans for reaching the moon. Blueprints and calculations are also published and shown to inform the NASA scientists. All findings help explain the scientific side of the mission and the work and math it took to get man on the moon.

McFall-Johnsen, Morgan. "Newspaper Front Pages from 50 Years Ago Reveal How the World Reacted to the Apollo 11 Moon Landing." *Business Insider*, Business Insider, 20 July

2019, www.businessinsider.com/apollo-11-moon-landing-newspaper-front-pages-2019-7.

Accessed 3 Jan. 2020.

This source is a whole website full of newspapers from all around the world from the same days of the Apollo 11 mission. Each with their own side and opinion they display one from every state and situation.

NASA Evaluation Team. *NASA Apollo 11 Mission Report*. NASA Manned Spacecraft Center, Nov. 1969.

This source includes 345 pages of the official government used Apollo 11 Mission Report. It includes graphs, sketches, data and explanations and plans used to officiate the Apollo 11. It also explains the exact times which specific things happened and the procedures done on the mission along with exact speed, direction, and the location of the spacecraft at each highlighted time where noted events happened.

NASA History Office, and NASA JSC Media Services Center. "Apollo 11 Image Gallery."

NASA, NASA, 27 July 2007, history.nasa.gov/ap11ann/kippsphotos/apollo.html.

Accessed 6 Jan. 2020.

This source includes a whole gallery of images taken during the time of the Apollo 11 mission along with some exclusive never before seen images taken during the mission, back at Houston and in the White House. All images were collected by NASA and are now available for the public after many years.

Pravda. "First Lunar Expedition." *Pravda*, 22 July 1969,

www.reddit.com/r/space/comments/9s3emw/22_july_1969_issue_of_russian_newspaper_pravda/. Accessed 3 Jan. 2020.

This primary source is a Russian Newspaper called the Pravda which translates to "truth" in English. This was a nation wide published newspaper that the communist looked over and basically decided what to tell its people. It was published on July 22, two days after the moon landing. It talked about the first lunar expedition and is in full Russian text.

The Miami News. "They Are Off To The Moon!" *The Miami News*, 16 July 1969, p. 1,

www.newspapers.com/clip/31632539/newspaper_front_page_announces/. Accessed 14 Dec. 2019.

This primary source is the Miami newspaper published on the same day the U.S launched the rocket to the moon and the Apollo 11. It talks about the Apollo crew at liftoff and and their journey. It gives my project a perspective of how the day was and how the state of Florida reacted about the liftoff to the moon.

The New York Times. "The New York Times." *Nytimes.Com*, 2017,

www.nytimes.com/search?dropmab=true&query=men%20walk%20on%20the%20moon%20July%2020%201969&sort=best. Accessed 20 Jan. 2020.

This source include different newspaper articles released by The New York Times newspaper. There are different article made each day the astronauts were in space until

the day they landed in the sea near Hawaii. They contemplate different views from each day and how each one affected the U.S.

U.S Capitol Offices. "Breaking Barriers of Space." *U.S. Capitol Visitor Center*, 23 Apr. 2019, www.visitthecapitol.gov/breaking-barriers-space. Accessed 29 Dec. 2019.

This primary source includes the summary of the Apollo 11 mission, a copy of the bill to establish the National Aeronautics Space Administration, letters and memos from president to vice president, John F. Kennedy's speeches, commentary transcripts, and editorial cartoons. This helped to further explain the Apollo 11 mission and give proof to my argument.

Secondary Sources

8 Days To The Moon And Back. Directed by Anthony Philipson, PBS and BBC Studios, Sept. 2019.

This secondary source is a whole movie about the Apollo 11 mission to the moon. It includes several clips from the actual mission and commentary on the mission with multiple quotes. By watching it, it gives me an actual view of what might have happened during the whole mission to the moon and back.

Botkin-Kowacki, Eva. "Apollo 11 at 50: How the Moon Landing Changed the World." *The Christian Science Monitor*, The Christian Science Monitor, 16 July 2019, www.csmonitor.com/Science/2019/0716/Apollo-11-at-50-How-the-moon-landing-changed-the-world. Accessed 3 Jan. 2020.

This source is a website all about how the Apollo 11 Mission changed and impacted the world and the United States. It concludes the mission's benefits and negative impact through very thought out writing. It also states its long term effects from a 50 year standpoint and milestone.

HISTORY. "The 1960s History." *HISTORY*, 28 Aug. 2018, www.history.com/topics/1960s/1960s-history. Accessed 20 Jan. 2020.

This source briefly describes everything that happened in the 1960s, with many images and videos to describe the happenings. It also includes several pages of timelines and explanations which help to further explain what exactly was happening in the 60s.

Little, Becky. "The Soviet Response to the Moon Landing? Denial There Was a Moon Race at All." *HISTORY, HISTORY*, 11 July 2019, www.history.com/news/space-race-soviet-union-moon-landing-denial. Accessed 3 Jan. 2019.

This source includes a deep explanation of how the Soviets reacted to the Space Race with exponential understanding to show how the Soviet reacted and what they did because the U.S made it to the moon before them. It also helps add to my foreign view section of how the Soviets reacted.

Lunar and Planetary Institute. "Apollo 11 Mission." *USRA*, Lunar and Planetary Institute, 2019, www.lpi.usra.edu/lunar/missions/apollo/apollo_11/. Accessed 15 Dec. 2019.

This source includes many images of lunar samples and rocks, it also includes rocket descriptions and what they were used for and data from the moon. It also shows the exact route the spacecraft took to reach the moon.

DiCicco, Mike. "Going to the Moon Was Hard — But the Benefits Were Huge, for All of Us." *NASA*, NASA, 15 July 2019, www.nasa.gov/directorates/spacetech/feature/Going_to_the_Moon_Was_Hard_But_the_Benefits_Were_Huge. Accessed 7 Jan. 2020.

This source is a NASA article about all the benefits that the U.S got just because they landed on the moon. It lists all the accomplishments and inventions that happened just because of the Apollo 11.

Epatko, Larisa. "These Soviet Propaganda Posters Once Evoked Heroism, Pride and Anxiety."

PBS NewsHour, PBS, 11 July 2017,

www.pbs.org/newshour/world/these-soviet-propaganda-posters-meant-to- evoke-heroism-pride. Accessed 14 Jan. 2020.

This source is a whole website full of images related to Russian and Soviet propaganda used and published to the Russians during the era of the Cold War and the Space Race.

All images are posters of russian propaganda with russian text not yet translated to English. They help prove what the Soviet government was telling its people, trying to convince them of things that weren't true.

Getchell, Dr. Michelle. "The Start of the Space Race." *Khan Academy*, Khan Academy, 2017,

www.khanacademy.org/humanities/us-history/postwarera/1950s-america/a/the-start-of-the-space-race. Accessed 15 Dec. 2019.

This source includes a brief explanation as to how and why the Space Race started and how it ended. It included several pieces of background and context which helped build and make my historical context piece on my website.

Wild, Flint. "What Was the Apollo Program?" *NASA*, NASA, 18 July 2019,

www.nasa.gov/audience/forstudents/5-8/features/nasa-knows/what-was-apollo-program-58.html. Accessed 15 Dec. 2019.

This source explains why the Apollo Program was made and what were its goal as to which it followed with success. This NASA explanation depicts what events occurred to spur change in society to establish the Apollo Program with governmental help.